BROBDINGNAG

Brobdingnag #43 1966AQ: Spring 1901 3 September 1966

Game 1966AQ

Spring 1901

SERBIA, BULGARIA, DENMARK OVERRUN, MAJOR WAR LOOMS

The Hoves:

MMGLAND: Fleet Edinburgh - Morwegian Sea. Fleet London - North Sea. Army (Lone) Liverpool - Edinburgh.

FRANCE: Fleet Brest - Mid-Atlantic Ocean. Army Marseilles - Gascony. (Thompson) Army Paris - Burgundy.

GERMANY: Fleet Kiel - Denmark. Army Berlin - Munich. Army Munich - Ruhr. (Nelson)

IT:LY: Army Venice stands. Army Rome - Apulia. Fleet Maples - Ionian (Goldman)

AUSTRIA: Army Vienna-Budapest. Army Budapest - Serbia. Fleet Trieste -(Duncan) Albania.

RUSSIA: Army Warsaw - Galicia. Army Moscow - Ukraine. Fleet St. Peters-(Reinsel) burg - Gulf of Bothnia. Fleet Sevastopol -Black Sea.

TURKEY: Army Constantinople - Bulgaria. Mleet Ankara - Constantinople. (Greene) Army Smyrna - Ankara.

All moves succeed. Deadline for moves for Fall 1901 is Saturday, 17 September 1966. As previously indicated, I expect to be away from Ralston for about 10 days. I should return sometime during the weekend of the 17th-18th. Publication of BROB #44 will likely be delayed by two or three days.

PRESS RELEASES.

Constantinople. 22 March. The Grand Vizier, the Duke of Greenewich, in the name of the Sultan Abdul Osman, today ordered the mobilization of Turkish armed forces. General Bewilderment took command of the 1st Smyrna Army. General Collapse took command of the 2nd Constantinople Army. Admiral Pazooza took coomand of the 1st Ankara Armoured Coast Defence Fleet.

Meanwhile, the Duke dispatched the famed 9 "Black Riders" towards Sofia.

The Duke of Greenewich was formerly head of the "Englishmen for Irish Independence". As happens to all great Englishmen, he was kicked out of the country. The Duke gained asylum in Turkey, where eventually he became Grand Vizier to the Sultan. He is best known in Turkey for his popular "Send Armenians to Russia" Policy.

Constantinople, May 5. General Collapse menaged to overrun Eulgaria in a lightning 5 week campaign. The Eulgarians lost 3 officers and 123 men-killed and 21,000 civilians who died.

At apress conference in the Defence Hinistry today new war inventions were revealed. Admiral Pazooza announced that a new "Superbattleship" vill soon be completed. And the Defence Research Laboratories spoke of a new gas, yet to be used.

Second new BROB game.

1900.

Players should note that, effective the 21st of September, Richard - Shagrin's address will be:

Room 356, Haggett Hall, University of Washington, Seattle, Wash. 98105.

Jack Greene, 670 Darrell Road, Hillsborough, California, would like to contact other Diplomacy players in the Pay area, with a view to joinging, or forming, a Diplomacy club. If you have Diplomacy friends there, please pass this information on. You listening, Steve?

RATING SYSTELS

When Charles Reinsel first announced his rating system (Graustark #57) he inadvertently gave me a score of all instead of 1. When I apply the system that John Bourdman says he uses to the three games of mine which have so far been completed, 1963B, 1964B, and 1965A, I find a score of some fifty-odd; John assigns me 25 points in Graustark #100. Disgusted with this obvious conspiracy on the part of the rating makers, I have decided to publish my own rating system.

Its basis is to treat every game as a series of 21 individual matches: every player in the game plays against every other player. If, in any game, A outlasts B, A wins and gets a score of 1, B getting -1, with a zero award to each in case of a draw. If C and D both survive until the end of a game, their match is decided on the basis of which had the greater force on the board at the end, again scored plus I for the vinner of the match and -1 for the loser.

In other words all seven players of each game are ranked from 1 to 7, survivors in order of strength at the end of the game, then those eliminated in order of length of survival. The player loses a point for every name that appears above his, and gains one for every name that appears above his, and gains one for every name that appears below his. In considering those eliminated I have not considered it worth while to distinguish between a Spring elimination and a Wall elimination in the same year. In other words, two players removed from a game in the same playing year are counted as having drawn.

Considering the eight individual games so far completed, 1963A, 1963B, L964A, 1964B, 1964C, 1965A, 1965I, 1965L, we arrive at the following rating list:

- 12 John Smythe
 - 9 John Koning
 - 6 John Boardman Bruce Pelz Charles Wells
 - 5 Frank Clark Derek Velson
- 4 Eric Blake
 James Goldnan
 Robert Lake
 Dian Pelz
- 3 James MacKenzie
- 1 John Davey Ken Davidson
- O Len Bailes Conrad von Retzke

- -1 Bill Christian
- -2 Charles Brannan Ron Daniels Jack Harness Earl Thompson
- -3 John McCallum
 James Thomas
- -4 Dave McDaniel
 Roland Tzudiker
- -5 Tom Bulmer Stuart Keshner Anders Swenson
- -8 Dick Scultz
- -11 Paul Harley
- -12 Fred Lerner

The omission of teams games from consideration is a necessity in this system, which regards a game as a series of individual matches between each pair of players in the game. In my view, of course, team games should be left out of all individual rating systems, as the spirit of such games is completely different from that of the regular game of Diplomacy.

There was no similar theoretical compulsion for leaving out the move-a-week, over-the '-board games. They have a similar back-ground to postal Diplomacy and could easily have been included, if desired. They were omitted for two reasons. 1. There is very little over-lap between the players in them and those in postal play. Using them would have meant bringing in a lot of names which the average postal player will not encounter again. 2. We don't know how many such games there may be: there may be dozens of lodges, clubs, recreational groups, playing move-a-week or similar type games which we know nothing about. To include any such then means running the risk of having an incomplete roster. So it notudes only individual, postal games, run in a magazines.

The vexed question of what to do about drop-outs and replacement players. What is done here is simply to assign the rating for a given occuntry in a game to the last player to move for the country. There is certainly an anomaly here. Two players are eliminated from a game; later, one of the survivors drops out and is replaced; the replacement gets credit for beating the two players who had, in fact, left the game before he entered it. However, we must reckon with a sad fact of human nature: players rarely abandon play in games in which they have a winning, or even a promising, position; they frequently leave games then the country concerned has passed its peak of expansion. Since the replacement must accept the losses of the country he takes over, it seems only fair that he also get the benefit of any previous gains made by it. In other words,

Then a player abundons play in a game he abandons, at the same time, any credits due him for that game.

The system can also be used for ranking countries. Using the same set of games as before, with the omission of game 1905A, a five-man game, gives the following scores for countries:

Turkey	10
France	3
Germany	3
Russia	2
Ingland	0
Itely	· ~ 8
Austria	-1 0

This confirms previous attempts to rank the countries, (see BROB #37), in placing Turkey at the tap and Italy near the bottom of the list. This is, however, the first listing which does find evidence for the very common dislike of playing Austria. with

I think that this rating manages to avoid the defects / which the Reinsel system and the Moardman system have been charged. Charles Wells has stated that Teinsel's rating system contains an arbitrary element. That is certainly true, although I must say that I think Reinsel's scale of values, 7 points for a win, and I point for survival, is about right. This system makes no such value judgment. Of a pair of players in a game it asks merely, which achieved the more? And does this for all possible pairs.

Several people have made the point that Boardman's system awards a player for mere activity. A player who enters many games, gains points, even though he may do poorly in all of them. That is not true of this system: entering dozens of games will not help, unless the player does better than average in them. If he does worse than the average of the players in the games he enters it is just a case of the more games the more losses.

Boardman's system does have one advantage, though one that is not realized as it is at present operated. Reinsel's system, being based on wins and survivals, cannot be used before the and of a game. Which means that a new player can not hope to see his name listed for about a year and a half. Hoardman's system does not have that defect, at least not inherently. We simply adds the supply centres a player holds each playing year, and there seems no reason why this could not be done on a current basis, i.e. after each year of play is completed.

The system have proposed falls between the two enthemes. If there is an elimination in a game, the player forced out could be given his lumps immediately, and the survivors given their corresponding gains. However, on the average, where are between 4 and 5 survivors. This means that only about a third of the information included in the final score for a game becomes available during the game, the remaining two thirds suddenly a mearing on conclusion of play. In the circumstances the additional book-keeping involved didn't seem worth while and only completed games have been included in the listing given above. With Moardman's system, on the other land, less than 10% of the information is added with the final year of play, and it might be worth while to publish the thing on a "year" to "year", rather than a game to game basis.

The comparison here has been, throughout, with the Meinsel and the Boardman rating systems. Those are the only two systems which have been kept up to date with a revision published at intervals as more games are completed. New comers might be interested to learn that there have been a host of other systems proposed. There have been, in addition to the main two, the Smythe system (Graustark #62), the Clark system (also Graustark #62), the Loning system (STab #1, in many ways the best of the lot), a d the second Clark system (BROB #37). And need I add that it is with sorrow that I note, that the

And need I add that it is with sorrow that I note, that the system here proposed, brain-child, treats me, personally, far worse than do the Meinsel and Boardman systems. "Ah, sharper than a serpent's tooth....."

(Lest any literal minded reader take in earnest my first paragraph about the conspiracy of meinsel and Boardman to do me down, let me say that Reinsel corrected his error on his first revision. And I have no doubt that Roardman is now engaged in checking his arithmatic. The trouble is that physicists, like mathematicians, can't add.)

SEALED BAG

CHARLES WELLS, 3678 Mindholm Road, Cleveland, Ohio. 44120.: It seems to me that more complicated systems of units and novements could be introduced for the mostal game to great benefit. I have some fairly detailed ideas about units and so forth, but the basic notion that I have come up with is a new way to resolve battles when multiple units in one province are allowed. It works like this: Suppose France has m divisions in Burgundy, ordered to hold, and Germany orders n divisions Euhr-Burgundy. Then in the first phase of moves resolution, the German armies enter Burgundy. In the second stage the battle is resolved as follows, assuming no other units entered or left the province: if m is greater than 2n, the German units are repelled, the French lose =n of their units and the Germans lose as many as the French lost. If n is greater than 2m the Germans succeed, losing =m of their units, and the Wrench lose the same number, and must order the rest to retreat. ((+(= in that last sentence means one quarter. The type face of this machine, and the key-symbols do not agree.)+))If neither has twice as wany as the other, the province, here Burgundy, REMAINS in COMMENTION for the move, both countries units remain there, the one with the larger number losing one quarter of its units and the other the same number, and if it had been a sumply center it would not belong to either side.

((+(Charles' letter then continues in considerable detail about other cases of resolution of moves, when each force attacks the other, and so on. * He then continues: +))

I think this system of resolution has no sibilites. It makes the player think about each separate frontier between provinces. I have lots of ideas about how to tell allies from ensuies, about convoys, special units (for example, mechanized infantry, which cost two units but have only one unit of firepower, but which can go across two provinces at once), and so on. Are you interested? Would you like to play some two-man games to see bot it works out?

((+(Well, Charles, as you knot, I yould indeed like to dry
the thing out and we can go shead with the first trial vhenever you fre
ready. For the benefit of other readers I should mention that Charles'
letter, of which I have only quoted a few encerpts above, was followed
by another considerably more detailed letter. The laster shouse that
the game is now almost off the drawing board though, no doubt, some
difficulties may crop up when play notually begins. I understand that
the full rules cof the game will be appliabled in a forth-coming issue
of Lonely Mountain. It spens to me that the game may have some of the
tactical interest of the more usual type of wer-game, while retaining
the grand-strategy and allience feature, which is so strong as
appeal in the usual game of Diplomacy. Those interested in getting
in at the beginning of this new game, should write Charles and order
a copy of depissue of Lonely Mountain which is to contain the rules.
--jamec)+))

SEAD DOMONUE, 1020 Stoddert Ave., Waldorf, 100. 20601. To give you my opinion on the rule, I would allow it. ((+(This refers to the item on "The Coastal Crawl" in \$\frac{7}{41}\$. Of the half dozen people who have so far commented on it, only two were in favour of allowing the move. Since one of ther was Allan Calhamer, the inventor of the game, you are in good company, Sean)+))

colorad F. von LETZ.H., F. C. Fox 307, Janul, Chlif. 92035.: Oh yeah...
on your rule enquiry in the last EROB (41) I am
a purist. The intent of the rulebook is clearly to wake "space" synonymous with "province", and as such your suggested move is invalid.
((+(Which indicates how very, very cautious we ought to be when
attributing intent to an author. Presumably the best judge of what
was intended by any statement, i. We author of it. Yet Calhamer, the
author of the rulebook, stated in MOR 42, that he would prefer
an interpretation which is the opposite of yours. --jamec)+))

And DAVE LEBLIEG, 3 Rollins Courst, Rockville, Rd., 20852, writes to say that his game in <u>Glockeria</u> was full but that two of his expected players have dropped out. So he is looking for additional players. This would a near to be an opportunity to get into a game which will get under vey almost immediately. The fee is, I think, \$2.50.

BROBLITGING is a journal of portal Diplomacy, currently carrying Game 1936AQ and another not yet numbered. It is adited and published by J. 1. LeCallum, malston, Alberta, Canada. It wells for 10 cents a copy, and subscriptions can be entared for any number of issues at the same rate. I subscription to run from not until the end of any designated game, costs \$2.00.